



OST

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Implementation and Deployment of Smart Contracts

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How to Implement a Smart Contract

- What is a Smart Contract
 - Program executed within a blockchain context
 - Read blockchain data, execution part of consensus – everyone comes to the same result
- Dedicated blockchain programming languages: **Solidity**, Michelson, Move, Chaincode, Vyper, Plutus
 - Existing languages: NEO uses C#, Java, Solana uses Rust, more generic: WebAssembly: Polkadot, DFINITY

- Example Solidity for Ethereum

```
pragma solidity ^0.8.9;

contract Notary {

    mapping (address => mapping (bytes32 => uint)) stamps;

    function store(bytes32 hash) public {
        stamps[msg.sender][hash] = block.timestamp;
    }

    function verify(address recipient, bytes32 hash) public view returns (uint) {
        return stamps[recipient][hash];
    }
}
```

<https://github.com/tbocek/FS21/blob/main/ethereum/Notary.sol>

How to Implement a Smart Contract

- How can an app know how to interact with a smart contract? (e.g., this **DeFi** app?)
 - Build everything yourself
 - Use standards / interfaces

- Interface in Java

```
interface Language {  
    public void getType();  
  
    public void getVersion();  
}
```

- Interface in Solidity

```
interface ICounter {  
    function count() external view returns (uint);  
  
    function increment() external;  
}
```

- **ERC** (Ethereum Request for Comments)
 - Defines interfaces, e.g.,

```
pragma solidity ^0.4.20;  
  
/// @title ERC-721 Non-Fungible Token Standard  
/// @dev See https://eips.ethereum.org/EIPS/eip-721  
/// Note: the ERC-165 identifier for this interface is 0x80ac58cd.  
interface ERC721 /* is ERC165 */ {  
    /// @dev This emits when ownership of any NFT changes by any mechanism.  
    /// This event emits when NFTs are created (`from` == 0) and destroyed  
    /// (`to` == 0). Exception: during contract creation, any number of NFTs  
    /// may be created and assigned without emitting Transfer. At the time of  
    /// any transfer, the approved address for that NFT (if any) is reset to none.  
    event Transfer(address indexed _from, address indexed _to, uint256 indexed _tokenId);  
  
    /// @dev This emits when the approved address for an NFT is changed or  
    /// reaffirmed. The zero address indicates there is no approved address.  
    /// When a Transfer event emits, this also indicates that the approved  
    /// address for that NFT (if any) is reset to none.  
    event Approval(address indexed _owner, address indexed _approved, uint256 indexed _tokenId);  
  
    /// @dev This emits when an operator is enabled or disabled for an owner.  
    /// The operator can manage all NFTs of the owner.  
    event ApprovalForAll(address indexed _owner, address indexed _operator, bool _approved);  
  
    /// @notice Count all NFTs assigned to an owner  
    /// @dev NFTs assigned to the zero address are considered invalid, and this  
    /// function throws for queries about the zero address.  
    /// @param _owner An address for whom to query the balance  
    /// @return The number of NFTs owned by `_owner`, possibly zero  
    function balanceOf(address _owner) external view returns (uint256);  
  
    /// @notice Find the owner of an NFT  
    /// @dev NFTs assigned to zero address are considered invalid, and queries
```


NFT

- Non-fungible token

▶ **fungible** *adj.* [LAW]

▶ **ersetzbar**

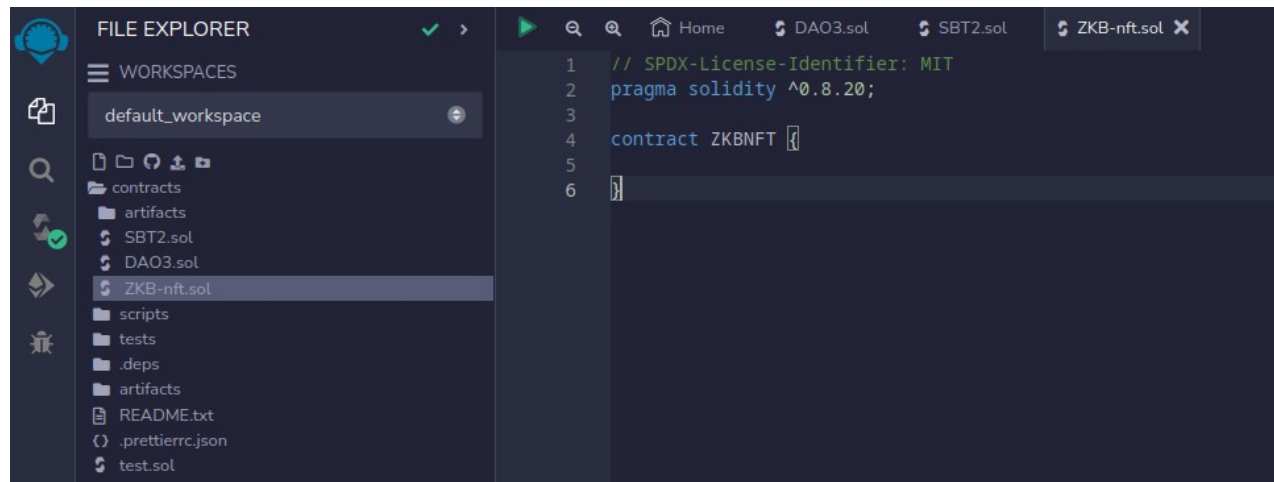
- Unique token on a public blockchain
 - Guarantees that a digital asset is unique and not interchangeable
 - Can be any digital data that can be hashed (only hash is stored on-chain)
 - With NFT: proof of ownership (you can copy the digital data, but the ownership remains)
- NFT market place **OpenSea** - open to everyone, for any NFT



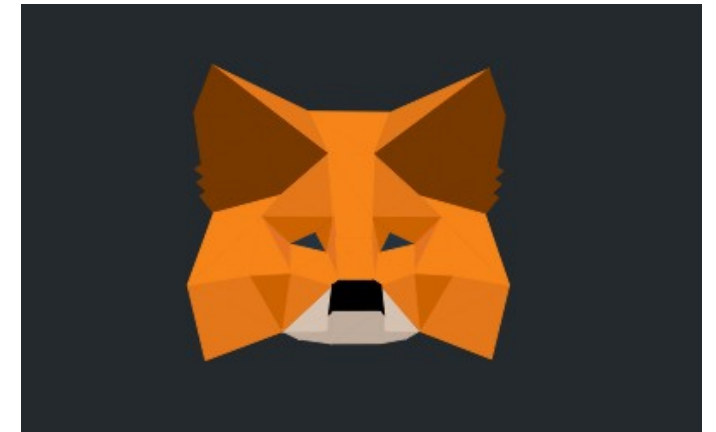
CryptoPunk #7523, sold for 11.8m USD [\[link\]](#)

NFT Implementation – Mandatory Interfaces und Events

- On Ethereum, [OpenZeppelin](#) has many standard implemented, for IDE [Remix](#) is a good choice
- Let's implement and deploy an NFT
- Metamask
 - Crypto wallet and gateway to blockchain apps, available as a browser extension



```
1 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
2 pragma solidity ^0.8.20;
3
4 contract ZKBNFT
5
6
```



- We'll use that to connect the browser to the Ethereum network